

36718 to 36810—Continued.

36760. INCARVILLEA SINENSIS Lam.

“(No. 1947a. Near Fangshan, Chihli Province, China. July 31, 1913.) An ornamental biennial, having large carmine-rose colored flowers arranged on long spikes. Of value as a garden plant for the drier sections of the United States. A well-drained soil, not too rich, seems to suit it best. Through selection this plant possibly might be made an annual. Chinese name *Hong la pa tsui yang hua*.”

36761. LIGULARIA sp.

“(No. 1948a. Hsiao Wu tai shan, Chihli Province, China. August 12, 1913.) A large-leaved *Ligularia*, growing between rocks and boulders along running watercourses. Flowers yellow, borne in flat, divided racemes. Of value as an ornamental herbaceous perennial along water expanses in parks, especially in the cooler sections of the United States. Collected at elevations of 5,000 to 7,000 feet.”

36762. LIGULARIA SIBIRICA (L.) Cass.

“(No. 1949a. Hsiao Wu tai shan, Chihli Province, China. August 29, 1913.) A large-leaved *Ligularia*, found growing between rocks and boulders along watercourses and on moist places at altitudes of 7,000 to 11,000 feet. Of value as an ornamental herbaceous perennial along water expanses in parks, especially in the cooler sections of the United States.”

36763. SCUTELLARIA sp.

“(No. 1950a. Hwai lai, Chihli Province, China. July 30, 1913.) A species of skullcap bearing large racemes of deep-blue flowers. The plants love stony situations and are of dwarf growth. Of value as a rocky plant for the cooler sections of the United States.”

36764. LYCHNIS CORONATA Thunberg.

“(No. 1951a. Hsiao Wu tai shan, Chihli Province, China. August 20, 1913.) A perennial *Lychnis* with brick-red flowers, found among scrub growth on gentle mountain slopes. Of value possibly as a showy plant for the hardy border.”

36765. IRIS ENSATA Thunberg.

Iris.

“(No. 1952a. Kalgan, Chihli Province, China. September 5, 1913.) A vigorously growing strain of *Iris ensata*, grown in gardens around Kalgan, where the leaves are used as an ever ready and handy garden tying material. Of special value for the drier sections of the United States for the above purposes and as a lining plant along paths and roads. Chinese name *Tsiao ma lien*.”

36766. ASPARAGUS DAURICUS Fisch.

Asparagus.

“(No. 1953a. Peking, China. September 27, 1913.) An asparagus found growing wild on the city wall of Peking. Of erect growth. The young shoots are collected by the Chinese and eaten boiled as a vegetable. Of value possibly in breeding experiments and for bank-binding purposes in semiarid regions.”

36767. ASPARAGUS sp.

Asparagus.

“(No. 1954a. Fengtai, near Peking, China. September 10, 1913.) A wild erect-growing asparagus, found on a sandy bank. Of value possibly in breeding experiments and for bank-binding purposes in semiarid regions.”

36768. ASPARAGUS sp.

Asparagus.

“(No. 1955a. Near Hui yau pu, Chihli Province, China. September 2, 1913.) A wild upright-growing asparagus, found in a loess bank. Of value possibly in breeding experiments and for bank-binding purposes in semiarid regions.”